

*Mr. Krishnamurthiachar.*—Every shandy day at Mulbagal, a lot of cattle are sold for being slaughtered.

*Third Member of Council.*—This is not a religious problem. This should be looked at from an economic point of view. Let us collect statistics of cattle which are useful to the raiyat and which are being sold to the people, how many useless cattle are slaughtered and how many useful and then we may decide whether any legislation is necessary.

*Mr. K. T. Seshaiya.*—Government should go according to public opinion. We do not want the economic point of view alone to be considered. When the Hindus and Mohammedans want it, Government must respect their wishes.

*Mr. C. Vasudeva Rao.*—Only when cattle are unfit, they are sold. Cows are not generally slaughtered, but they are only tied to the yoke. Separate statistics should be collected as regards cows and cattle. The question should be viewed from an economic point of view. It is only we that sell them.

*Mr. Banumiah.*—We only want that cattle should not be slaughtered.

*Third Member of Council.*—It is not possible to pass any orders at this stage. Statistics should be collected first.

SUBJECT No. 66.

Legislative Council.

Messrs. (1) N. Rajagopal-  
iengar, Bar Association,  
Mysore; (2) Madappa, Setwaji  
Rao, Settappa Siddappa and,  
Dharmaprakasa D. Banumiah,  
Mysore City Municipality and  
(3) B. V. Krishna Iyengar and  
S. K. Narasimhaiya, Banga-  
lore City Municipality.

*Mr. Madappa.*—The Municipalities of Bangalore and Mysore may be permitted to return a member each to the Legislative Council.

*Third Member of Council.*—Will be considered.

*Mr. Rajagopal-  
iengar.*—The privilege of return-  
ing representatives to the Legislative Council may be  
extended to the combined body of the Bar Associations  
in the State. The representation is required for re-  
presenting the interests of litigation.

*Third Member of Council.*—A representation  
will be given only for definite interests, either econo-  
mic or any other.

*Mr. Rajagopal-  
iengar.*—Lawyers play a great  
part in shaping the legal policy of the State, besides  
taking an active part in all matters of administration.  
As such, representation is absolutely necessary.

*Mr. R. Gopalasami Iyer.*—There are Bar Associations in Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga. Each is independent of the other. Unless all these Associations are co-ordinated and affiliated to a Central Association, no representation should be given.

SUBJECT No. 67.

Repeal of the Press Law.

Mr. N. Rajagopala Iyengar,  
Bar Association, Mysore.

*Mr. Rajagopaliengar.*—The Press Law may be repealed as it is acting as a Damocles' sword.

*Mr. R. Gopalasami Iyer.*—Let judicial enquiry be made. Either the Act should be in force or it should be repealed. It should be considered now whether the conditions under which it was introduced still continue and whether it should not be repealed. Freedom of speech and writing may be given and we will write better articles. Government may say that they do not prosecute anybody. The Press people will say that they will be deported if they write freely. Government may give a final reply, whether or not they are going to repeal the Press Law, so that matters may be set at rest some time. A Publicity Bureau as in Madras may be started.

*Third Member of Council.*—The present freedom is ample.

*Mr. Karnick Krishnamurthi Rao.*—Whether the Act should be continued or not should be considered. There is no freedom to criticise freely. Free opinion cannot be expressed. Government should consider and repeal the Act. Let them repeal it for two years and if the privilege is abused, let them introduce it again.

*Dewan.*—Noted.

SUBJECT No. 68.

Legislation against the  
adulteration of milk.

Mr. Thimmiah, Tarikere  
Taluk.

*Mr. Thimmiah.*—Milk and curds [are being offered for sale with a large quantity of water added to them. An act may be passed against such adulteration at an early date.

*Third Member of Council.*—A draft Bill will be placed before the Legislative Council in November next.

*Mr. Vema Reddi.*—Such a law should not be passed as it would be very difficult to get milk in villages if such a law is passed. The disadvantages of the law would be very many.

*Mr. R. Gopalasami Iyer.*—It is very easy to pass the laws but it is very difficult to put them into practice. For instance, there is the Juvenile Smoking